



IEC 62271-214

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EXTENDED VERSION

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



This extended version of IEC 62271-214:2024 includes the content of the references made to IEC 62271-1:2017+AMD1:2021 CSV

**High-voltage switchgear and controlgear –  
Part 214: Internal arc classification for AC metal-enclosed pole-mounted  
switchgear and controlgear for rated voltages above 1 kV and up to and  
including 52 kV**

INTERNATIONAL  
ELECTROTECHNICAL  
COMMISSION

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## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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### HIGH-VOLTAGE SWITCHGEAR AND CONTROLGEAR –

#### **Part 214: Internal arc classification for AC metal-enclosed pole-mounted switchgear and controlgear for rated voltages above 1 kV and up to and including 52 kV**

#### FOREWORD

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**This extended version (EXV) of the official IEC Standard provides the user with the comprehensive content of the Standard.**

**IEC 62271-214:2024 EXV includes the content of IEC 62271-214:2024, and the references made to IEC 62271-1:2017+AMD1:2021 CSV.**

**The specific content of IEC 62271-214:2024 is displayed on a **blue background**.**

IEC 62271-214 has been prepared by subcommittee 17C: Assemblies, of IEC technical committee 17: High voltage switchgear and controlgear. It is an International Standard.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2019. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) indicators positioning update;
- b) neutral earthing connection of the test circuit for three-phase tests;
- c) general review for consistency with IEC 62271-200, Ed.3.0:2021.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
17C/924/FDIS	17C/931/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at [www.iec.ch/members\\_experts/refdocs](http://www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs). The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at [www.iec.ch/publications](http://www.iec.ch/publications).

This standard shall be read in conjunction with IEC 62271-1, second edition, published in 2017, to which it refers, and which is applicable unless otherwise specified in this standard. In order to simplify the indication of corresponding requirements, the same numbering of clauses and subclauses is used as in IEC 62271-1. Amendments to these clauses and subclauses are given under the same references whilst additional subclauses are numbered from 101. Any clause with the term "Not applicable" relates to the clause not being relevant to IEC 62271-214, and does not infer the clause is or is not relevant for its applicable switchgear standard.

A list of all parts of the IEC 62271 series, published under the general title *High-voltage switchgear and controlgear*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under [webstore.iec.ch](http://webstore.iec.ch) in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn, or
- revised.

**IMPORTANT – The "colour inside" logo on the cover page of this document indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.**

## INTRODUCTION

In the preparation of this FDIS draft for the general revision of IEC 62271-1:2007 and IEC 62271-1:2007/AMD1:2011, the maintenance team was motivated by the following principles:

- Application of horizontal standards – such application is mandatory for product standards, (reference IEC Guide 108 [5]). A typical example is the application of IEC 60071 (all parts) dealing with insulation coordination.
- Application of the "principle of verifiability" – as defined in the Directives, Part 2, 5.5 (2016) "...Only those requirements which can be verified shall be included."
- Organizing information in the proper clause, e.g. terms and definitions in Clause 3, rated values in Clause 5. For example, the values of rated continuous current are specified in Clause 5 but the conditions of test and acceptance criteria (e.g. temperature rise limits) are moved to Clause 7.
- Normal service conditions in Clause 4 are unambiguous statements of conditions under which the switchgear and controlgear is expected to operate. For example: "Solar radiation does not exceed a level of 1 000 W/m<sup>2</sup>" rather than "Solar radiation up to a level of 1 000 W/m<sup>2</sup> should be considered".
- Ratings in Clause 5 have been limited to reflect the common specifications of the switchgear and controlgear that are specified by the user and are necessary for operation on the user's network. See the last paragraph of 5.1 for addition clarification.
- Statements or informative NOTES that reflect design guides (not requirements) or application (not standard requirements) are either removed or moved to Clause 9.  
For example, the following former NOTE contains both a design guide and an application issue, neither of which belongs to normal service conditions:  
"Under certain levels of solar radiation, appropriate measures, for example roofing, forced ventilation, test simulating solar gain, etc., may be necessary, or derating may be used, in order not to exceed the specified temperature rises and pressure rise limits".
- Specifications for design and construction in Clause 6 have been limited to requirements that can be verified by test or inspection.
- References to tests and procedures that relate to transportation, installation, commissioning and maintenance have been moved to Clause 11.
- Improve wording to minimize the possibility of miss-interpretation or conflicting interpretations of the specifications, methods or criteria.
- Elimination of hanging paragraphs and actual or potential circular references. Reference to ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, 22.3.3 (2016).

As a result of the application of these principles or objectives, the FDIS draft includes more revisions that might otherwise be expected.

### INTRODUCTION to IEC 62271-214:2024

IEC 62271-214 has been developed due to the requirement to remove IAC Type C designated pole-mounted switchgear from IEC 62271-200. IEC 62271-214 is to be considered independent of IEC 62271-200, however it is still related to other product standards of the IEC 62271 series.

Only open terminal pole-mounted switchgear and controlgear has been considered within this document.

This equipment relates to operation in three-phase, two-phase and single-phase systems.



## HIGH-VOLTAGE SWITCHGEAR AND CONTROLGEAR –

### Part 214: Internal arc classification for AC metal-enclosed pole-mounted switchgear and controlgear for rated voltages above 1 kV and up to and including 52 kV

#### 1 Scope

This part of IEC 62271 specifies requirements for internal arc classification of AC metal-enclosed pole-mounted switchgear and controlgear with rated voltages above 1 kV and up to and including 52 kV with service frequencies up to and including 60 Hz.

This document is applicable to three-phase, two-phase and single-phase open terminal equipment for which an internal arc classification is assigned. Enclosures may include fixed and removable components and may be filled with fluid (liquid or gas) to provide insulation.

NOTE 1 The IAC classification takes into account the installation disposition of the high-voltage switchgear and controlgear and worker's operating area.

NOTE 2 For the use of this document, high-voltage (IEC 60050-601:1985, 601-01-27) is the rated voltage above 1 000 V. However, medium voltage (IEC 60050-601:1985, 601-01-28) is commonly used for distribution systems with voltages above 1 kV and generally applied up to and including 52 kV; refer to [1]<sup>1</sup>.

This document does not preclude that other equipment may be included in the same enclosure. In such a case, any possible influence of that equipment on the switchgear and controlgear is to be taken into account.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60038:2009, *IEC standard voltages*

IEC 60050-131:2002, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Part 131: Circuit theory*

IEC 60050-151:2001, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Part 151: Electrical and magnetic devices*

IEC 60050-151:2001/AMD1:2013

IEC 60050-151:2001/AMD2:2014

IEC 60050-151:2001/AMD3:2019

IEC 60050-151:2001/AMD4:2020

IEC 60050-151:2001/AMD5:2021

IEC 60050-192:2015, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Part 192: Dependability*

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<sup>1</sup> Numbers in square brackets refer to the Bibliography.

IEC 60050-351, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Part 351: Control technology*

IEC 60050-441:1984, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Part 441: Switchgear, controlgear and fuses*  
IEC 60050-441:1984/AMD1:2000

IEC 60050-551, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Part 551: Power electronics*

IEC 60050-581:2008, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Part 581: Electromechanical components for electronic equipment*

IEC 60050-601, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Chapter 601: Generation, transmission and distribution of electricity – General*

IEC 60050-605, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Chapter 605: Generation, transmission and distribution of electricity – Substations*

IEC 60050-614:2016, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Part 614: Generation, transmission and distribution of electricity – Operation*

IEC 60050-811, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Part 811: Electric traction*

IEC 60050-826:2004, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Part 826: Electrical installations*

IEC 60060-1:2010, *High-voltage test techniques – Part 1: General definitions and test requirements*

IEC 60068-2-1:2007, *Environmental testing – Part 2-1: Tests – Test A: Cold*

IEC 60068-2-2:2007, *Environmental testing – Part 2-2: Tests – Test B: Dry heat*

IEC 60068-2-30:2005, *Environmental testing – Part 2-30: Tests – Test Db: Damp heat, cyclic (12 h + 12 h cycle)*

IEC 60071-1:2006, *Insulation co-ordination – Part 1: Definitions, principles and rules*  
IEC 60071-1:2006/AMD1:2010

IEC 60071-2:1996, *Insulation co-ordination – Part 2: Application guide*

IEC 60085:2007, *Electrical insulation – Thermal evaluation and designation*

IEC 60255-21-1:1988, *Electrical relays – Part 21: Vibration, shock, bump and seismic tests on measuring relays and protection equipment – Section One: Vibration tests (sinusoidal)*

IEC 60270, *High-voltage test techniques – Partial discharge measurements*

IEC 60296, *Fluids for electrotechnical applications – Unused mineral insulating oils for transformers and switchgear*

IEC 60376, *Specification of technical grade sulphur hexafluoride (SF<sub>6</sub>) for use in electrical equipment*

IEC 60480, *Guidelines for the checking and treatment of sulphur hexafluoride (SF<sub>6</sub>) taken from electrical equipment and specification for its re-use*

IEC 60507, *Artificial pollution tests on high-voltage ceramic and glass insulators to be used on a.c. systems*

IEC 60512-2-2, *Connectors for electronic equipment – Tests and measurements – Part 2-2: Electrical continuity and contact resistance tests – Test 2b: Contact resistance – Specified test current method*

IEC 60529:1989, *Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)*

IEC 60529:1989/AMD1:1999

IEC 60529:1989/AMD2:2013

IEC TS 60815-1:2008, *Selection and dimensioning of high-voltage insulators intended for use in polluted conditions – Part 1: Definitions, information and general principles*

IEC TS 60815-2:2008, *Selection and dimensioning of high-voltage insulators intended for use in polluted conditions – Part 2: Ceramic and glass insulators for a.c. systems*

IEC TS 60815-3:2008, *Selection and dimensioning of high-voltage insulators intended for use in polluted conditions – Part 3: Polymer insulators for a.c. systems*

IEC 61000-4-4, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-4: Testing and measurement techniques – Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-11, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-11: Testing and measurement techniques – Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations immunity tests*

IEC 61000-4-17:2009, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-17: Testing and measurement techniques – Ripple on d.c. input power port immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-18, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-18: Testing and measurement techniques – Damped oscillatory wave immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-29, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-29: Testing and measurement techniques – Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations on d.c. input power port immunity tests*

IEC 61000-6-2, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 6-2: Generic standards – Immunity for industrial environments*

IEC 61000-6-5, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 6-5: Generic standards – Immunity for equipment used in power station and substation environment*

IEC 61180, *High-voltage test techniques for low-voltage equipment – Definitions, test and procedure requirements, test equipment*

IEC 61810-7:2006, *Electromechanical elementary relays – Part 7: Test and measurement procedures*

IEC 62262:2002, *Degrees of protection provided by enclosures for electrical equipment against external mechanical impacts (IK code)*

IEC 62271-1:2017, *High-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 1: Common specifications for alternating current switchgear and controlgear*

IEC 62271-1:2017/AMD1:2021

IEC 62271-4, *High-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 4: Handling procedures for sulphur hexafluoride (SF<sub>6</sub>) and its mixtures*

IEC 62271-200:2021, *High-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 200: AC metal-enclosed switchgear and controlgear for rated voltages above 1 kV and up to and including 52 kV*

CISPR 11:2015, *Industrial, scientific and medical equipment – Radio-frequency disturbance characteristics – Limits and methods of measurement*

CISPR TR 18-2, *Radio interference characteristics of overhead power lines and high-voltage equipment – Part 2: Methods of measurement and procedure for determining limits*

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

## NORME INTERNATIONALE



**High-voltage switchgear and controlgear –  
Part 214: Internal arc classification for AC metal-enclosed pole-mounted  
switchgear and controlgear for rated voltages above 1 kV and up to and  
including 52 kV**

**Appareillage à haute tension –  
Partie 214 : Classification arc interne des appareillages sous enveloppe  
métallique à courant alternatif de tensions assignées supérieures à 1 kV et  
inférieures ou égales à 52 kV montées sur poteau**

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# INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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## HIGH-VOLTAGE SWITCHGEAR AND CONTROLGEAR –

### **Part 214: Internal arc classification for AC metal-enclosed pole-mounted switchgear and controlgear for rated voltages above 1 kV and up to and including 52 kV**

#### FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) IEC draws attention to the possibility that the implementation of this document may involve the use of (a) patent(s). IEC takes no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of any claimed patent rights in respect thereof. As of the date of publication of this document, IEC had not received notice of (a) patent(s), which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at <https://patents.iec.ch>. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

IEC 62271-214 has been prepared by subcommittee 17C: Assemblies, of IEC technical committee 17: High voltage switchgear and controlgear. It is an International Standard.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2019. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) indicators positioning update;
- b) neutral earthing connection of the test circuit for three-phase tests;
- c) general review for consistency with IEC 62271-200, Ed.3.0:2021.



The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
17C/924/FDIS	17C/931/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at [www.iec.ch/members\\_experts/refdocs](http://www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs). The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at [www.iec.ch/publications](http://www.iec.ch/publications).

This standard shall be read in conjunction with IEC 62271-1, second edition, published in 2017, to which it refers, and which is applicable unless otherwise specified in this standard. In order to simplify the indication of corresponding requirements, the same numbering of clauses and subclauses is used as in IEC 62271-1. Amendments to these clauses and subclauses are given under the same references whilst additional subclauses are numbered from 101. Any clause with the term "Not applicable" relates to the clause not being relevant to IEC 62271-214, and does not infer the clause is or is not relevant for its applicable switchgear standard.

A list of all parts of the IEC 62271 series, published under the general title *High-voltage switchgear and controlgear*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under [webstore.iec.ch](http://webstore.iec.ch) in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn, or
- revised.

## INTRODUCTION

IEC 62271-214 has been developed due to the requirement to remove IAC Type C designated pole-mounted switchgear from IEC 62271-200. IEC 62271-214 is to be considered independent of IEC 62271-200, however it is still related to other product standards of the IEC 62271 series.

Only open terminal pole-mounted switchgear and controlgear has been considered within this document.

This equipment relates to operation in three-phase, two-phase and single-phase systems.

## HIGH-VOLTAGE SWITCHGEAR AND CONTROLGEAR –

### Part 214: Internal arc classification for AC metal-enclosed pole-mounted switchgear and controlgear for rated voltages above 1 kV and up to and including 52 kV

#### 1 Scope

This part of IEC 62271 specifies requirements for internal arc classification of AC metal-enclosed pole-mounted switchgear and controlgear with rated voltages above 1 kV and up to and including 52 kV with service frequencies up to and including 60 Hz.

This document is applicable to three-phase, two-phase and single-phase open terminal equipment for which an internal arc classification is assigned. Enclosures may include fixed and removable components and may be filled with fluid (liquid or gas) to provide insulation.

NOTE 1 The IAC classification takes into account the installation disposition of the high-voltage switchgear and controlgear and worker's operating area.

NOTE 2 For the use of this document, high-voltage (IEC 60050-601:1985, 601-01-27) is the rated voltage above 1 000 V. However, medium voltage (IEC 60050-601:1985, 601-01-28) is commonly used for distribution systems with voltages above 1 kV and generally applied up to and including 52 kV; refer to [1]<sup>1</sup>.

This document does not preclude that other equipment may be included in the same enclosure. In such a case, any possible influence of that equipment on the switchgear and controlgear is to be taken into account.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60050-151:2001, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Part 151: Electrical and magnetic devices*

IEC 60050-151:2001/AMD1:2013

IEC 60050-151:2001/AMD2:2014

IEC 60050-151:2001/AMD3:2019

IEC 60050-151:2001/AMD4:2020

IEC 60050-151:2001/AMD5:2021

IEC 60050-441:1984, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Part 441: Switchgear, controlgear and fuses*

IEC 60050-441:1984/AMD1:2000

IEC 62271-1:2017, *High-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 1: Common specifications for alternating current switchgear and controlgear*

IEC 62271-1:2017/AMD1:2021

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<sup>1</sup> Numbers in square brackets refer to the Bibliography.

IEC 62271-200:2021, *High-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 200: AC metal-enclosed switchgear and controlgear for rated voltages above 1 kV and up to and including 52 kV*

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## COMMISSION ÉLECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

### APPAREILLAGE À HAUTE TENSION –

#### **Partie 214: Classification arc interne des appareillages sous enveloppe métallique à courant alternatif de tensions assignées supérieures à 1 kV et inférieures ou égales à 52 kV montés sur poteau**

#### AVANT-PROPOS

- 1) La Commission Électrotechnique Internationale (IEC) est une organisation mondiale de normalisation composée de l'ensemble des comités électrotechniques nationaux (Comités nationaux de l'IEC). L'IEC a pour objet de favoriser la coopération internationale pour toutes les questions de normalisation dans les domaines de l'électricité et de l'électronique. À cet effet, l'IEC – entre autres activités – publie des Normes internationales, des Spécifications techniques, des Rapports techniques, des Spécifications accessibles au public (PAS) et des Guides (ci-après dénommés "Publication(s) de l'IEC"). Leur élaboration est confiée à des comités d'études, aux travaux desquels tout Comité national intéressé par le sujet traité peut participer. Les organisations internationales, gouvernementales et non gouvernementales, en liaison avec l'IEC, participent également aux travaux. L'IEC collabore étroitement avec l'Organisation Internationale de Normalisation (ISO), selon des conditions fixées par accord entre les deux organisations.
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L'IEC 62271-214 a été établie par le sous-comité 17C: Ensembles, du comité d'études 17 de l'IEC: Appareillage haute tension. Il s'agit d'une Norme internationale.

Cette deuxième édition annule et remplace la première édition parue en 2019. Cette édition constitue une révision technique.

Cette édition inclut les modifications techniques majeures suivantes par rapport à l'édition précédente:

- a) mise à jour du positionnement des indicateurs;
- b) connexion de mise à la terre du neutre du circuit d'essai pour les essais triphasés;
- c) révision générale à des fins de cohérence avec l'IEC 62271-200 Éd.3.0:2021.

Le texte de cette Norme internationale est issu des documents suivants:

Projet	Rapport de vote
17C/924/FDIS	17C/931/RVD

Le rapport de vote indiqué dans le tableau ci-dessus donne toute information sur le vote ayant abouti à son approbation.

La langue employée pour l'élaboration de cette Norme internationale est l'anglais.

La version française de cette norme n'a pas été soumise au vote.

Ce document a été rédigé selon les Directives ISO/IEC, Partie 2, il a été développé selon les Directives ISO/IEC, Partie 1 et les Directives ISO/IEC, Supplément IEC, disponibles sous [www.iec.ch/members\\_experts/refdocs](http://www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs). Les principaux types de documents développés par l'IEC sont décrits plus en détail sous [www.iec.ch/publications](http://www.iec.ch/publications).

Cette norme doit être lue conjointement avec l'IEC 62271-1, deuxième édition, parue en 2017, à laquelle elle fait référence et qui s'applique sauf spécification contraire dans la présente norme. Afin de simplifier l'indication des exigences correspondantes, la numérotation des articles et paragraphes reprend celle de l'IEC 62271-1. Les amendements de ces articles et paragraphes sont indiqués sous les mêmes références, tandis que les paragraphes supplémentaires sont numérotés à partir de 101. Tout article qui comprend le terme "Non applicable" indique que l'article ne s'applique pas à l'IEC 62271-214, mais ne présume pas que l'article s'applique ou non à la norme d'appareillage applicable.

Une liste de toutes les parties de la série IEC 62271, publiées sous le titre général *Appareillage à haute tension*, se trouve sur le site web de l'IEC.

Le comité a décidé que le contenu de ce document ne sera pas modifié avant la date de stabilité indiquée sur le site web de l'IEC sous [webstore.iec.ch](http://webstore.iec.ch) dans les données relatives au document recherché. À cette date, le document sera

- reconduit,
- supprimé, ou
- révisé.



## INTRODUCTION

L'IEC 62271-214 a été établie à la suite de la demande de supprimer de l'IEC 62271-200 les appareillages montés sur poteau classifiés arc interne (IAC) selon le Type C. L'IEC 62271-214 doit être considérée comme indépendante de l'IEC 62271-200. Toutefois elle reste reliée aux autres normes de produits de la série IEC 62271.

Seuls les appareillages à bornes ouvertes montés sur poteau sont pris en compte dans le présent document.

Ces équipements se rapportent aux systèmes triphasés, biphasés et monophasés.

## APPAREILLAGE À HAUTE TENSION –

### Partie 214: Classification arc interne des appareillages sous enveloppe métallique à courant alternatif de tensions assignées supérieures à 1 kV et inférieures ou égales à 52 kV montés sur poteau

#### 1 Domaine d'application

La présente partie de l'IEC 62271 spécifie les exigences relatives à la classification arc interne des appareillages sous enveloppe métallique à courant alternatif montés sur poteau, de tensions assignées supérieures à 1 kV et inférieures ou égales à 52 kV, et de fréquences de service inférieures ou égales à 60 Hz.

Le présent document s'applique aux équipements à bornes ouvertes triphasés, biphasés et monophasés auxquels une classification arc interne est attribuée. Les enveloppes peuvent comprendre des composants fixes et amovibles et peuvent être remplies de fluide (liquide ou gaz) pour l'isolation.

NOTE 1 La classification IAC tient compte de la disposition de l'installation des appareillages à haute tension et de la zone opérationnelle du travailleur.

NOTE 2 Pour l'utilisation du présent document, la haute tension (IEC 60050-601:1985, 601-01-27) est la tension assignée supérieure à 1 000 V. Cependant, la moyenne tension (IEC 60050-601:1985, 601-01-28) est communément utilisée pour les réseaux de distribution avec des tensions supérieures à 1 kV et est généralement appliquée pour des tensions inférieures ou égales à 52 kV; se reporter à [1]<sup>1</sup>.

Le présent document n'exclut pas que d'autres équipements puissent être inclus dans la même enveloppe. Dans ce cas, toute influence possible dudit équipement sur l'appareillage doit être prise en compte.

#### 2 Références normatives

Les documents suivants sont cités dans le texte de sorte qu'ils constituent, pour tout ou partie de leur contenu, des exigences du présent document. Pour les références datées, seule l'édition citée s'applique. Pour les références non datées, la dernière édition du document de référence s'applique (y compris les éventuels amendements).

IEC 60050-151:2001, *Vocabulaire Électrotechnique International (IEV) – Partie 151: Dispositifs électriques et magnétiques*

IEC 60050-151:2001/AMD1:2013

IEC 60050-151:2001/AMD2:2014

IEC 60050-151:2001/AMD3:2019

IEC 60050-151:2001/AMD4:2020

IEC 60050-151:2001/AMD5:2021

IEC 60050-441:1984, *Vocabulaire Électrotechnique International (IEV) – Partie 441: Appareillage et fusibles*

IEC 60050-441:1984/AMD1:2000

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<sup>1</sup> Les chiffres entre crochets renvoient à la Bibliographie.

IEC 62271-1:2017, *Appareillage à haute tension – Partie 1: Spécifications communes pour appareillage à courant alternatif*  
IEC 62271-1:2017/AMD1:2021

IEC 62271-200:2021, *Appareillage à haute tension – Partie 200: Appareillage sous enveloppe métallique pour courant alternatif de tensions assignées supérieures à 1 kV et inférieures ou égales à 52 kV*